

December 14, 2020



U.S. Department
of Transportation

East Building, PHH-30
1200 New Jersey Avenue S.E.
Washington, D.C. 20590

**Pipeline and Hazardous
Materials Safety Administration**

DOT-SP 14206
(FIFTY-FIFTH REVISION)

EXPIRATION DATE: 2023-01-31

(FOR RENEWAL, SEE 49 CFR 107.109)

1. GRANTEE: Hexagon Digital Wave LLC
Englewood, CO
2. PURPOSE AND LIMITATION:
 - a. This special permit authorizes the use of certain DOT Specification 3A, 3AA, 3AX, 3AAX, 3BN, 3T, 107A, UN/ISO 11120 cylinders and cylinders manufactured under DOT-SP 9001, DOT-SP 9370, DOT-SP 9421, DOT-SP 9706, DOT-SP 9791, DOT-SP 9909, DOT-SP 10047, DOT-SP 10869 and DOT-SP 11692 for the transportation in commerce of the compressed gases described in paragraph 6 below, when retested by a one hundred percent (100%) ultrasonic examination (UE) in lieu of the internal visual and the hydrostatic retest. This special permit provides no relief from the Hazardous Materials Regulations (HMR) other than as specifically stated herein. The most recent revision supersedes all previous revisions.
 - b. The safety analyses performed in development of this special permit only considered the hazards and risks associated with transportation in commerce.
 - c. No party status will be granted to this special permit.
3. REGULATORY SYSTEM AFFECTED: 49 CFR Parts 106, 107 and 171-180.

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4. REGULATIONS FROM WHICH EXEMPTED: 49 CFR §§ 172.203(a) and 172.301(c) in that marking the special permit number is waived; and § 180.205 in that the ultrasonic examination (UE) is performed in lieu of the specified internal visual examination and hydrostatic pressure test.

NOTE: This does not relieve the grantee of this special permit from securing and maintaining a valid approval for retesting cylinders from the Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety.

5. BASIS: This special permit is based on Hexagon Digital Wave LLC's application dated February 19, 2019, submitted in accordance with § 107.109 and additional information dated November 13, 2020 and December 1, 2020.
6. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (49 CFR 172.101):

Hazardous Materials Description			
Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class/ Division	Identi- fication Number	Packing Group
Liquefied or non-liquefied compressed gases, or mixtures of such compressed gases, classed as Division 2.1 (flammable gas), Division 2.2 (nonflammable gas), or Division 2.3, (gases which are Toxic by Inhalation (TIH)), which are authorized in the Hazardous Materials Regulations for transportation in DOT 3A, 3AA, 3AX, 3AAX 3BN, 3T, 107A, UN 11120 cylinders and those commodities authorized under DOT-SP 9001, DOT-SP 9370, DOT-SP 9421, DOT-SP 9706, DOT-SP 9791, DOT-SP 9909, DOT-SP 10047, DOT-SP 10869, and DOT-SP 11692	2.1, 2.2, or 2.3, as applic- able	As Appro- priate	N/A

December 14, 20207. SAFETY CONTROL MEASURES:

a. PACKAGING: Packagings prescribed are DOT Specification 3A, 3AA, 3AX, 3AAX, 3BN, 3T and 107A cylinders, UN refillable pressure receptacles manufactured in accordance to ISO 11120 and cylinders manufactured under DOT-SP 9001, DOT-SP 9370, DOT-SP 9421, DOT-SP 9706, DOT-SP 9791, DOT-SP 9909, DOT-SP 10047, DOT-SP 10869 and DOT-SP 11662 that are subjected to periodic retesting, re-inspection and marking prescribed in § 180.209, except that the cylinders are examined by an ultrasonic method in lieu of the hydrostatic pressure test and internal visual inspection. Each cylinder must be subjected to an external visual examination and retested and marked in accordance with the UE procedure described herein and DWC's April 28, 2005 application for special permit on file with the Office of Hazardous Materials Safety Approvals and Permits Division (OHMSAPD). A cylinder that has been exposed to fire or to excessive heat may not be retested under the terms of this special permit.

b. Equipment and Performance:

Ultrasonic System: The ultrasonic equipment performance must conform to DWC's May 1, 2005 application on file with OHMSAPD and as prescribed in this special permit. The UE equipment incorporates a single-channel or a multi-channel immersion system arranged to perform straight and angle beam examinations. The ultrasonic pulses must enter the cylinder wall in both longitudinal directions, both circumferential directions and normal to the cylinder wall to ensure 100 percent coverage of the cylinder wall. The system must be set-up to perform longitudinal ultrasonic angle beams from the cylinder shoulder down to the cylinder base that includes sidewall-to-base transition (SBT) area and from the cylinder base up to the cylinder shoulder. Also, the system must be set-up to perform circumferential ultrasonic angle beams in both clockwise and counterclockwise rotation around the cylinder. All defects (such as isolated pits, line corrosion, sidewall defects (e.g., cracks, folds) and line corrosion must be detected. The transducer or cylinder must be arranged so that the ultrasonic beams enter the cylinder wall and measure thickness and detect the side wall flaws. The immersion UE system must have a high-speed board to digitize and capture each A-scan during examination of the cylinder. Gain

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control accuracy must be checked for a new Ultrasonic System with equipment that is calibrated in accordance with industry standards for checking gain linearity accuracy, as published in ASTM-E317. Search units of 2.25 to 10 MHz nominal frequency and 1/4-inch to 1-inch in diameter must be used during ultrasonic examination. A manual contact shear or longitudinal search unit may be used for confirmation and sizing of an indicated defect. If manual UE is used, it must be performed under direct supervision of a Senior Review Technologist (SRT) by a minimum Level II operator and in accordance with American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM) practice E-213 and this special permit.

c. Standard References:

(1) UE Reference Cylinder: A cylinder or cylinder section must be used as a standard reference and must have similar acoustic properties, surface finish and metallurgical condition as the cylinders under test. The standard reference must have a known minimum design wall thickness (t_m) which is less than or equal to the cylinder under test. The standard reference for cylinders that are less than or equal to 6 inches in diameter must have the same nominal diameter as the cylinder being tested.

Cylinders greater than 6 inches in diameter must conform to the allowable size ranges shown in the following table:

Standard Reference	Size Range of Cylinders being retested by UE	
	Minimum OD-inches	Maximum OD-Inches
7	6.30	10.50
7.50	6.75	11.25
9.00	8.10	13.50
9.25	8.33	13.88
10.00	9.00	15.00

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Standard Reference	Size Range of Cylinders being retested by UE	
Outside Diameter (OD-inches)	Minimum OD-inches	Maximum OD-Inches
12.00	10.80	18.00
18.00	16.20	27.00
24.00	21.60	36.00

Prior to placing the simulated defects, such as minimum wall thickness, the average minimum wall thickness for the standard reference must be determined by means of an independent method.

(2) The standard reference must be prepared to include the following artificial defects:

(i) Simulated defect for reduction in wall thickness (area corrosion). A simulated defect for area corrosion must be machined into the inside surface of the cylinder. A minimum of two different thickness steps must be machined into the inside cylinder wall. The dimensions must be as follows:

(A) For DOT 3A and 3AA cylinders, the simulated defect must be less than or equal to 0.7 square inch (in²) in area and have a depth that is less than or equal to 1/20 of the design minimum wall thickness (t_m). The remaining wall thickness is equal to or greater than t_m .

(B) For DOT 3BN cylinders and those manufactured under DOT-SP 9001, DOT-SP 9370, DOT-SP 9421, DOT-SP 9706, DOT-SP 9791, DOT-SP 9909, DOT-SP 10047, DOT-SP 10869, and DOT-SP 11692, the simulated defect must be less than or equal to 0.25 square inch (in²) in area and have a depth that is less than or equal to 1/20 of the minimum design wall thickness (t_m). The remaining wall thickness is equal to or greater than t_m .

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(C) For DOT 3A, 3AA, 3AX, 3AAX, 107A, 3T and UN 11120 cylinders with an outside diameter of 18 inches or larger, the simulated defect must be less than or equal to 1.5 square inches in area and have a depth that is less than or equal to 1/20 of the design minimum wall thickness (t_m). The remaining wall thickness is equal to or greater than t_m .

(ii) Simulated defect for an isolated pit. A flat bottom hole (FBH) must be machined into the inside surface of the cylinder to simulate an isolated pit. The dimensions must be as follows:

(A) For DOT 3A and 3AA cylinders with a diameter less than or equal to 4 inches, the FBH must be 1/8-inch in diameter and 1/3 of t_m depth.

(B) For DOT 3A and 3AA cylinders with diameter greater than 4 inches, the FBH must be 1/4-inch diameter and 1/3 of t_m depth.

(C) For DOT 3BN, and cylinders manufactured under DOT-SP 9001, DOT-SP 9370, DOT-SP 9421, DOT-SP 9706, DOT-SP 9791, DOT-SP 9909, DOT-SP 10047, DOT-SP 10869, and DOT-SP 11692, the FBH must be 1/4-inch diameter and 1/4 of t_m depth.

(D) For DOT 3A, 3AA, 3AX, 3AAX, 3T, 107A and UN 11120 cylinders with an outside diameter of 18 inches or larger, the FBH must be less than or equal to 1/2-inch in diameter and 1/3 of t_m depth.

(iii) Simulated defect for line corrosion in the sidewall-to-base transition (SBT). A circumferential notch must be machined into the surface of the cylinder to simulate SBT line corrosion. The notch must be 0.10 of t_m depth, 1 inch in length and less than or equal to 0.02 inch in width.

(iv) Simulated defect for longitudinal sidewall crack (LSC). A longitudinal notch must be machined into the surface of the cylinder to simulate LSC line corrosion. The dimensions of the LSC notch for DOT 3BN and cylinders manufactured under DOT-SP

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9001, DOT-SP 9370, DOT-SP 9421, DOT-SP 9706, DOT-SP 9791, DOT-SP 9909, DOT-SP 10047, DOT-SP 10869, and DOT-SP 11692 must be 0.06 of t_m depth, 1 inch in length and less than or equal to 0.02 inch in width. DOT 3A and 3AA specification cylinders are not required to be standardized for LSC.

(v) The calibration ring for a DOT-3AA cylinder (ton cylinder) with two openings, DOT-3T cylinders and UN 11120 tubes must include a simulated defect for a longitudinal sidewall crack (LSC). A longitudinal notch must be machined into the internal surface of the tube or the representative ring to simulate LSC line corrosion. The dimensions of the LSC notch for DOT-3AA and DOT-3T cylinders, and UN/ISO 11120 cylinders that are "H" stamped must be 0.10 of t_m depth, 2 inches in length and less than or equal to 0.02 inch in width. For UN/ISO 11120 cylinders that are not "H" stamped, the dimensions of the LSC notch must be 0.05 of t_m depth, 2 inches in length, and less than or equal to 0.02 inch in width.

(3) A certification statement, signed by a DWC Senior Review Technologist (SRT), must be available for all standard references at each site where retesting is performed. The certification statement must include a standard reference drawing for each size and type of cylinder. A standard reference drawing must include dimensions and the locations of each simulated defect.

d. Ultrasonic Examination (UE) system Standardization (Calibration). Prior to retesting a cylinder, the cylinder class (DOT specification or special permit) must be identified. The UE system must be standardized for testing the identified cylinder by using a standard reference. The standard reference must be similar (material of construction, size, wall thickness, etc.) to the identified cylinders to be tested. Standardization of the UE system must be performed by using an appropriate standard reference as described in paragraph 7.c. of this special permit. The standardization of the UE system is as follows:

(1) A standard reference with a machined simulated defect made to represent area corrosion must be placed in the UE system. The UE system must be standardized to indicate rejection for an area equal or greater than the machined surface for that class of cylinder (e.g., 0.70

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in² for DOT 3A, 3AA and 0.25 in² for 3BN, DOT-SP 9001, DOT-SP 9370, DOT-SP 9421, DOT-SP 9706, DOT-SP 9791, DOT-SP 9909, DOT-SP 10047, DOT-SP 10869, and DOT-SP 11692). Where the wall thickness is reduced below t_m , a straight ultrasound beam must be used to measure the wall thickness of the machined area.

(2) A standard reference with a machined FBH made to represent an isolated pit must be placed in the UE system. The FBH must be detected by a minimum of two shear wave beams that strike the FBH from opposite sides (e.g., the first shear wave direction is from top to bottom of the cylinder and the second shear wave direction is from the bottom to top). The UE gain must be increased until the signal from FBH is maximized at 80 percent of the screen height.

(3) A standard reference with a machined notch made to represent SBT line corrosion must be placed in the UE system. The notch must be detected by a minimum of one shear wave beam. The UE gain must be increased until the signal from the notch is maximized at 80 percent of the screen height.

(4) A standard reference with a machined notch to represent a longitudinal sidewall crack (LSC) must be placed in the UE system. The notch must be detected by a minimum of two shear wave beams that strike the LSC from opposite directions (e.g., the first shear wave direction is clock wise and second shear wave direction is counter-clock wise). The UE gain must be increased until the signal from the notch is maximized at 80 percent of the screen height.

e. Test Procedures.

(1) During the test, each cylinder must be examined by the standardized (calibrated) UE system using set-up as described in paragraph 7.d. of this special permit.

(2) For each cylinder tested, all 5 scan passes must be performed as they are described in paragraph 7.d.

(3) Alternatively, for retesting only DOT-3A and 3AA, 3AX, 3AAX, and 107A specification cylinders, the UE system that is set-up to perform 5 scan passes may perform 3 scan passes that consist of a 100% wall thickness scan, one longitudinal angle beam (descending

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from the cylinder shoulder down to SBT) and one circumferential (clockwise), angle beam scan when the results do not yield a rejectable flaw.

If a cylinder flaw is detected during a test, all 5 scan passes must then be conducted on that cylinder.

(4) All DOT 3A cylinders manufactured between January 1937 and December 1945 may be inspected by SPECTRO xSORT system and in accordance with Digital Wave procedure, dated August 16, 2010, on file (OHMSAPD) to identify all Cr-Mo and Ni-Cr-Mo alloy steel cylinders. This pre-test sorting will occur before UE of any DOT-3A cylinder manufactured during this period. After each subsequent requalification period, the cylinders will be re-sorted and identified in accordance with their steel type.

(i) Any cylinders identified as intermediate carbon manganese steel cylinders shall be ultrasonically examined using the DOT 3A reject criteria for thickness and flaws as currently required in paragraph 7.f. of this special permit.

(ii) Any cylinders identified as Cr-Mo and Ni-Cr-Mo alloy steel cylinders shall be ultrasonically examined using the DOT 3A (Cr-Mo) reject criteria for thickness and flaws. These reject criteria shall be the same as that utilized for DOT 3AA cylinders as currently required in paragraph 7.f. of this special permit.

(iii) Since the SPECTRO xSORT system will be used to inspect, identify and sort all Cr-Mo and Ni-Cr-Mo alloy steel cylinders prior to UE testing, no additional marking (e.g., DOT 3AA) is required for these DOT 3A cylinders.

(iv) If the cylinders from this manufacturing period are not sorted with the SPECTRO xSORT system, they shall be ultrasonically examined using the DOT 3A reject criteria for thickness and flaws as currently required in paragraph 7.f. of this special permit.

(5) A copy of the operating test procedure (as approved and acknowledged in writing by OHMSAPD) for performing ultrasonic examination of cylinders under the terms of

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this special permit must be at each facility performing ultrasonic examination. At a minimum, this procedure must include:

(i) A description of the test set-up; test parameters; transducer model number, frequency, and size; transducer assembly used; system standardization procedures and threshold gain used during the test; and other pertinent information.

(ii) Requirement for the equipment standardization to be performed at the end of the test interval (cal-out), after 200 cylinders or four hours, whichever occurs first. This cal-out can be considered the cal-in for the next interval during continuous operation. Cylinders examined during the interval between cal-in and cal-out must be quarantined until an acceptable cal-out has been performed. An acceptable cal-out occurs when the calibration cylinder is examined and all required features are revealed without changing examination settings. If an acceptable cal-out does not occur, if any equipment that affects the UE results are replaced or altered (such as a search unit or coaxial cable etc.) or when a loss of power occurs, all cylinders examined since the last successful calibration must be re-examined. Additionally, standardization of test equipment shall be performed at the beginning of each work shift, when the cylinder under test has dimensions that exceed the allowable ranges of the standard reference, when there is a change of operator(s), if any equipment that affects the UE results are replaced or altered (such as a search unit or coaxial cable etc.) or when a loss of power occurs, and at the end of each work shift.

(6) A copy of the most recent approved operating test procedure must be made available to a DOT representative when requested. Any change to the written procedures or in UE equipment (software or hardware), other than as supplied by the original equipment manufacturer, must be submitted to and approved by AAHMS prior to implementation.

(7) The equipment may not allow testing of a cylinder unless the system has been properly standardized (calibrated).

(8) The rotational speed of a standard reference must be such that all simulated defects are adequately detected, measured and recorded.

(9) The rotational speed of the cylinder under UE must not exceed the rotational speed used during the standardization.

(10) The pulse rate must be adjusted to ensure a minimum of 10% over-lapped for each helix.

(11) The area of ultrasonic examination (UE) coverage must be 100% of the cylindrical section. The coverage must extend at least three inches into the sidewall-to-base transition taper.

(12) The external surface of the cylinder to be examined must be free of loose material such as scale and dirt.

f. Acceptance/Rejection Criteria: A cylinder must be rejected based on any of the following:

(1) The measured wall thickness is less than the calculated design minimum wall thickness using a maximum allowable stress of 58,000 psi for 3A cylinders, 73,000 psi for 3AA cylinders and 94,000 psi for DOT-3T cylinders for the area described in paragraph 7.d. For all DOT UN cylinders, the measured wall thickness is less than the ISO stamped minimum wall thickness in millimeters on the tube dome end.

(2) If any of the flaws such as the isolated pit, circumferential line corrosion or longitudinal sidewall crack (LSC) which meet the rejection criteria and produce a signal with an amplitude which crosses the reference threshold set in the standardization section (paragraph 7.d.).

g. Rejected cylinders: When a cylinder is rejected, the retester must stamp a series of X's over the DOT specification number and marked service pressure, or stamp "CONDEMNED" on the shoulder, top head, or neck using a steel stamp, and must notify the cylinder owner, in writing, that the cylinder is rejected and may not be filled with hazardous material for transportation in commerce.

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(1) Alternatively, at the direction of the owner, the retester may render the cylinder incapable of holding pressure.

(2) If a condemned cylinder contains hazardous materials and the testing facility does not have the capability of safely removing the hazardous material, the retester must stamp the cylinder "CONDEMNED" and affix conspicuous labels on the cylinder(s) stating: "UE REJECTED DOT-SP 14206. RETURNING TO ORIGIN FOR PROPER DISPOSITION". The retester may only offer the condemned cylinders for transportation by a motor vehicle operated by a private carrier to a facility, identified to, and acknowledged in writing with OHMSAPD that is capable of safely removing the hazardous material. A current copy of this special permit must accompany each shipment of condemned cylinders transported for the disposal of hazardous material.

h. Marking: Each cylinder passing retests under the provisions of this special permit must be marked as prescribed in accordance with § 180.213. In addition:

(1) Each cylinder must be marked "UE" in characters not less than 1/4 high for a cylinder with a diameter equal to or greater than 4 inches and 1/8" for a cylinder with a diameter less than 4 inches. The marking must be at a location close to the retester's marking.

(2) For cylinders shipped in bundles or in ISO frames an exterior tube one each side of the bundle or ISO frame must be marked "DOT-SP 14206" in letters and numbers that are at least 2 inches in height and displayed on a contrasting background. Further, the current retest date must be marked on the rear or side of the bundle or ISO frame at approximately eye level. In the event that the retest dates of bundled or ISO framed cylinders differ, the oldest retest date, meaning the date resulting in the earliest retest, shall be displayed.

i. UE Report: A report must be generated for each cylinder that is examined. The UE report must include the following:

(1) UE equipment, model and serial number;

(2) Transducer specification, size, frequency and manufacturer;

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- (3) Specification of each standard reference used to perform UE. The standard reference must be identified by serial number or other stamped identification marking;
- (4) Cylinder serial number and type;
- (5) UE technician's name and certification level;
- (6) Examination Date;
- (7) Location and type of each defect on the cylinder (e.g., longitudinal line corrosion 5 inches from base);
- (8) Dimensions (area, depth and remaining wall thickness) and brief description of each defect;
- (9) Acceptance/rejection results; and
- (10) The UE report must be on file at each test facility and copies made available to a DOT official when requested.

j. Personnel Qualification: Each person who performs retesting, and evaluates and certifies retest results must meet the following qualification requirements:

(1) Project Manager/Director of Product Technology is the senior manager of Hexagon Digital Wave LLC responsible for compliance with DOT regulations including this special permit. Additionally, the project manager must ensure that each operator and senior review technologist maintains the required certifications described herein.

(2) The personnel responsible for performing cylinder retesting under this special permit must be qualified to an appropriate Ultrasonic Testing Certification Level (Level I, II or III) in accordance with the American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT) Recommended Practice SNT-TC-1A depending upon the assigned responsibility as described below:

(i) System startup and calibration must be performed by a Level II operator. A Level II operator may review and certify test results. However, written procedures for accepting/rejecting a cylinder must be provided by the

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senior review technologist. Based upon written criteria, the Level II Operator may authorize cylinders that pass the retest to be marked in accordance with paragraph 7.h. of this special permit. A person with Level I certification may perform a system startup, check calibration, and perform ultrasonic testing under the direct guidance and supervision of a Senior Review Technologist or a Level II Operator, either of whom must be physically present at the test site in order to be able to observe testing conducted under this special permit.

(ii) Senior Review Technologist (SRT) is a person who provides written UE procedure, supervisory training, examinations (Level I and II) and technical guidance to operators, and reviews and verifies the retest results. The SRT must prepare and submit the reports required in paragraph 7.i. and annually verify that the UE program is being operated in accordance with the requirements of this special permit. An SRT must have a thorough understanding of the DOT Regulations (49 CFR) pertaining to the requalification and reuse of DOT cylinders that are authorized under both this special permit and ASNT Recommended Practice SNT-TC-1A and must possess:

(A) A Level III certification from ASNT in Ultrasonic Testing; or

(B) A Professional Engineer (PE) License with a documented experience for a minimum of 2 years' experience in Non-Destructive Evaluation (NDE) of pressure vessels or pipelines using the ultrasonic examination technique; or

(C) A PhD degree in a discipline of Engineering/Physics with documented evidence of experience in Non-Destructive Evaluation (NDE) of pressure vessels or pipelines using the ultrasonic examination technique or research/thesis work and authoring/co-authoring of technical papers published, in recognized technical journals, in the fields of ultrasonic testing methods.

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The most recent copies of certification (e.g., ASNT Level III, P.E.) must be available for inspection at each requalification facility.

k. OPERATIONAL CONTROLS:

(1) No person may perform inspection and testing of cylinders that are the subject to this special permit unless:

(i) That person is an employee or agent of Hexagon Digital Wave LLC and has a current copy of this special permit at the location of such inspection and testing;

(ii) That person complies with all the terms and conditions of this special permit; and

(iii) That person is listed on the Attachment of this special permit.

(2) Neck Thread Inspection: The external neck threads and flange/sleeve of each tube with a diameter greater than or equal to 18 inches and mounted on tube trailers or modules must be inspected in accordance with CGA Pamphlet C-23. This inspection must be periodically repeated at least once every ten years.

(3) The marking of the retester's symbol on the cylinders certifies compliance with all of the terms and conditions of this special permit and the HMR.

(4) Each facility approved by OHMSAPD to test cylinders under the terms of this special permit must have a resident operator with at least an ASNT Level II Certification in UT.

(5) The UE equipment and operating procedures identified in this special permit are only authorized for use when the approved SRT is available (or alternatively available by telephone or other electronic means) at each facility operating under the special permit.

(6) Notwithstanding the requirements of a RIN Approval for notification of address and personnel changes, any change in Project manager or SRT, with appropriate

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documentation (i.e., ANST certification), must be submitted to and acknowledged in writing by OHMSAPD immediately.

8. SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

a. The ultrasonic examination (UE) data, results, and additional technical information deemed pertinent in successful application of the UE must be recorded and kept at each facility for a minimum of 5 years after completion of UE. For any rejected cylinder, the defect causing the rejection must be fully characterized and profiled. That is, the specific type of defect should be identified (i.e. isolated pits, line corrosion or SBT crack) and the specific size of the defect should be determined (i.e., length, depth, width, diameter, area, etc.). The record includes cylinder type, size, minimum design wall thickness, age, etc. of the rejected cylinder.

b. Shippers (offerors) may use the cylinders specified and tested in accordance with the provisions of this special permit for the transportation in commerce of those hazardous materials specified herein, provided no modifications or changes are made to the cylinders. All terms of this special permit and other applicable requirements contained in 49 CFR Parts 100-185 must be met.

c. In order to authorize a cylinder for a special filling limit (+ marking) stated in § 173.302a(b), the cylinder must meet the following:

(1) The cylinder must meet the requirement of § 173.302a(b)(1).

(2) The wall thickness of the cylinder is equal to or greater than the design minimum wall thickness as it is described in the accept/reject criteria of this special permit for each cylinder type.

d. Transportation of Division 2.1 (flammable gases) and Division 2.3 (gases which are poisonous by inhalation) are not authorized aboard cargo vessel or aircraft unless specifically authorized in the Hazardous Materials Table (§ 172.101).

e. Transportation of oxygen is only authorized by aircraft when in accordance with § 175.501.

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- f. Upon approval of this special permit, Hexagon Digital Wave LLC may continue to requalify cylinders as described herein. However, PHMSA will visit the Hexagon Digital Wave LLC facility at which time Hexagon Digital Wave LLC must demonstrate that the ultrasonic system performs as stated in the application.
9. MODES OF TRANSPORTATION AUTHORIZED: Motor vehicle, rail freight, cargo vessel, passenger-carrying aircraft, and cargo aircraft, as currently authorized by the regulations for the hazardous materials being transported.
10. MODAL REQUIREMENTS: None, other than as required by the HMR.
11. COMPLIANCE: Failure by a person to comply with any of the following may result in suspension or revocation of this special permit and penalties prescribed by the Federal hazardous materials transportation law, 49 U.S.C. 5101 et seq:
- o All terms and conditions prescribed in this special permit and the Hazardous Materials Regulations, 49 CFR Parts 171-180.
 - o Persons operating under the terms of this special permit must comply with the security plan requirement in Subpart I of Part 172 of the HMR, when applicable.
 - o Registration required by § 107.601 et seq., when applicable.

Each "Hazmat employee", as defined in § 171.8, who performs a function subject to this special permit must receive training on the requirements and conditions of this special permit in addition to the training required by §§ 172.700 through 172.704.

No person may use or apply this special permit, including display of its number, when this special permit has expired or is otherwise no longer in effect.

Under Title VII of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU)– "The Hazardous Materials Safety and Security Reauthorization Act of 2005" (Pub. L. 109-59), 119 Stat. 1144 (August 10, 2005), amended the Federal hazardous

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materials transportation law by changing the term "exemption" to "special permit" and authorizes a special permit to be granted up to two years for new special permits and up to four years for renewals.

12. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: Shipments or operations conducted under this special permit are subject to the Hazardous Materials Incident Reporting requirements specified in 49 CFR §§ 171.15 - Immediate notice of certain hazardous materials incidents, and 171.16 - Detailed hazardous materials incident reports. In addition, the grantee(s) of this special permit must notify the Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety, in writing, of any incident involving a package, shipment or operation conducted under terms of this special permit.

Issued in Washington, D.C.:



for William Schoonover
Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety

Address all inquiries to: Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety, Pipeline and Hazardous Material Safety Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, East Building PHH-30, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, Southeast, Washington, D.C. 20590.

Copies of this special permit may be obtained by accessing the Hazardous Materials Safety Homepage at http://hazmat.dot.gov/sp_app/special_permits/spec_perm_index.htm. Photo reproductions and legible reductions of this special permit are permitted. Any alteration of this special permit is prohibited.

PO: Brian Moore/ae

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Only the following locations have been authorized by OHMSAPD to perform requalification functions described in this special permit. Each authorization is valid only when the associated RIN approval and this special permit remain current. As acknowledged by the list of names and locations below, the grantee of this special permit must notify OHMSAPD of any change in approval status, company name, address, or new test facility additions within 20 days of that change.

G691 - Gateway
200 Plaza St.
Highland IL 62249

H854 - Kansan Co., Ltd.
3156 Kuragano
Takasaki Gumma 370-1201
Japan

I069 - Cryogenic Solutions, LLC.
1936 S. Lynhurst Drive, Suite P
Indianapolis, IN 46241

I115 - Airgas USA, LLC
15401 McMullen Highway
Cumberland, MD 21502

C419 - Norco, Inc.
898 W. Gowen Rd.
Boise, ID 83705

D491 - Sky Cylinder Testing, Inc.
2220 Lexington Rd.
Evansville, IN 47720

B921 - Fire King of Seattle, Inc.
240 S. Holden Street
Seattle, WA 98108

I253 - Praxair Distribution, Inc.
59624 Linden Rd.
South Bend, IN 46614

H848 - Cylinder Sally, Inc.
1920 De La Cruz Boulevard
Santa Clara, CA 95050

A103 - Praxair Distribution, Inc.
2771 S. Maple Avenue
Fresno, CA 93275

I129 - Airweld, Inc.
94 Marine Street
Farmingdale, NY 11735

H833 - DeLLILE Oxygen Company
772 Marion Road
Columbus, OH 43207

B804 - OXARC, Inc.
716 South Oregon Avenue
Pasco, WA 99301

I140 - Central Welding
13326 38th Avenue N.E.
Marysville, WA 98271

B888 - Praxair P.R.B.V
P.O. Box 307, Int. Routes 189 and 931
Bo. Navaro Gurabo, P.R. 07788 U.S.

B363 - West Air gases
2300 Haffley Ave.
National City, CA 91950

H875 - Purity Cylinder Gases
2940 Clydon St. SW
Wyoming, MI 49519-2106

I146 - Hydrostat Inc.
330 1st Ave. SE
Rice, MN 56367

I152 - Community Surgical Supply
1520 Rt. 37 W, Ste. 5
Toms River, NJ 08755

D061 - Sky Cylinder Testing South
1509 Kalamazoo Rd.
Griffin, GA 30224

I304 - Coastal Welding Supply
2155 Interstate 10 East
Beaumont, TX 77701

G510 - Gas Innovations
18005 E. Hwy 225
LaPorte, TX 77571

B492 - General Distributing Company
430 17th Ave. N.E.
P.O. Box 2606
Great Falls, MT 59404

I539 - A-OX Welding Supply Company, Inc.
P.O. Box Drawer 86667
Sioux Falls, SD 57118-6667

H957 - South Florida Hydrotesting
Corporation
7815 West 2 Court Bay #7
Hialeah, FL 33014

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A498 - Fresno Oxygen and Welding Supply, Inc.
P.O. Box 1666
Fresno, CA 93717

H271 - TEA Technologies, Inc.
2117 Will Suitt Road, Suite B
Creedmoor, NC 27522

C307 - Youngstown Oxygen
2208 Hubbard Rd.
Youngstown, OH 44505

I664 - Koll's Retesting LLC
4927 E. 5th Street
Austin, TX 78702

I729 - Buckeye Welding Supply
8251 I-76 Frontage Rd.
Commerce City, CO 80022

I548 - Harris Industrial Gases
8475 Auburn Blvd.
Citrus Heights, CA 95610

I563 - Purair Products
125 E. 10th Avenue
Kansas City, MO 64116

I698 - Northwest Respiratory
716 Prior Ave. North
Saint Paul, MN 55104

I710 - Premier Medical Distribution
12393 Gateway Park Place
Draper, UT 84020

I745 - Huber Supply
149 4th Street SW
Mason City, IA 50401

H379 - TEA Technologies, INC
114 S.E. 46th Ave.
Amarillo, TX 79118

I750 - DJB Gas Services
1177 Swaner Road
Salt Lake City, UT 84104

A860 - Thunderbird Cylinder, Inc
4209 E. University Dr.
Phoenix, AZ 85034

I783 - Metro Fire Extinguisher Co.
3120 Jefferson Ave.
Texarkana, AR 71854

I171 - Praxair Distribution Inc.
1400 Polco St.
Indianapolis, IN 46222

B793 - Praxair Distribution Inc.
One Steel Road East
Morrisville, PA 19067

I364 - Praxair Distribution Inc.
10205 Sweetwater Lane
Houston, TX 77037

I011 - Praxair Canada Inc.
41 Consolidated Drive
Paris, Ontario N3L 1 W2

G745 - National Cylinder Services, LLC
4601 Dardanelle Drive
Orlando, FL 32808

N016 - Praxair Distribution Inc.
500 N. Telshor Blvd.
Las Cruces, NM 88011

A184 - Fredriksen Fire Equipment Company
555 Pond Drive
Wood Dale, IL 60191

N037 - Maverick Oxygen & Respiratory Equipment, LLC
2100 Button Lane, Suite 106
La Grange, KY 40031

N041 - GEER Gas Corporation
1360 McKinley Avenue
Columbus, OH 43222

N052 - PurAir Products
909 Apollo Rd.
Eagan, MN 55121

G985 - All Safe Global
26443 Fallbrook Ave.
Wyoming, MN 55099

A937 - Holston Gases, Inc.
545 W. Baxter Ave.
Knoxville, TN 37921

B583 - B-LANN Equipment
2288 5th Ave.
Troy, NY 12180

N050 - Cameron Welding Supply
11061 Dale Street
Stanton, CA 90680

B438 - Fire Safety Services, Inc.
6228 Rd. 95
Huntsville, OH 43324

B440 - WESCO Gas and Welding Supply Inc.
940 N. Dr. Martin L. King Jr. Drive
Prichard, AL 36610

C518 - Oxarc, Inc.
1204 W. 17th Street
Vancouver, WA 98660

N086 - Champion Cylinder Testing, LLC
12170 Santa Margherita Court
Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730

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I387 - West Coast Hydrotesting & Maintenance
1369 W. 9th Street
Upland, CA 91786

N090 - SMI SERVICES, INC.
122 Wade Street
Jamestown, NC 27282

N092 - Mechanical Systems dba Denny's Fire Control
713 Sheridan Rd.
Winthrop Harbor, IL 6009

N109 - Cylinder Management Services PTE LTD
33 GUL Circle
Singapore 629570

I489 - GA Cylinder & Hydrotest
6100-B GA Hwy 20
Loganville, GA 30052

I019 - Automated Fire Systems Inc.
7032 Harrisburg Rd.
Charlotte, NC 28215

N117 - Conroe Welding Supply, Inc.
220 N. Frazier St. Unit B1
Conroe, TX 77303

A393 - Aero All Gas Company
3150 Main Street
Hartford, CT 06120

N130 - Philadelphia Extract Company
4124 Blanche Road
Bensalem, PA 19020

I047 - 3AL Testing Corp.
13760 E. Arapahoe Rd.
Centennial, CO 80112

G877 - General Air Service & Supply
6330 Colorado Blvd.
Commerce City, CO 80022

G833 - Cyl-Tec, Inc.
950 W. Industrial Drive
Aurora, IL 60506

N133 - Marmic Fire & Safety Co.
4008 E. 138th St.
Grandview, MO 6403

N150 - ILMO Products Company
7 Eastgate Drive
Jacksonville, IL 62650

N157 - COR
1900 East Dale St.
Springfield, MO 65803

N171 - Associated Cylinder Services & Restoration
1201 Douglass Ave
Kansas City, KS 66103

N184 - Roberts Oxygen Company, Inc.
4100 Chesapeake Drive
Charlotte, NC 28216

N233 - East Coast Oxygen & Hydro Testing, Inc.
4847 McWay Court
Thomasville, NC 27361

I466 - Maverick Healthcare Group, LLC
4602 E. Hammond Lane
Phoenix, AZ 85034

N238 - Basin Safety Consulting
4401 16th Ave. W.
Williston, ND 58801

N241 - Eugene Welders Supply b/d/a Industrial Source
3500 Commercial Ave
Springfield, OR 97478

C097 - A & M Fire and Safety Equipment, Inc.
500 East Main St.
Ashland, OH 44805

B827 - Maine Oxy Acetylene Supply Co.
22 Albiston Way
Auburn, ME 04210

N248 - Premier Medical Corp.
5055 East 48th Avenue
Denver, CO 80216

A152 - Versum Materials US, LLC
357 Marian Ave.
Tamaqua, PA 18252

N260 - Sherman Air Services, LLC
154 Canasawacta Terrace
Norwich, NY 13815

C019 - Fullerton Hydro Test, Inc.
25318 South Highway 88
Inola, OK 74036

N265 - VS Carbonics
3491 NW 79th St.
Miami, FL 33147